

- [J]. Epilepsia, 1998, 39(9): 960-964.
- [7] Schumacher RF, Forster J. The CNS symptoms of rotavirus infections under the age of two [J]. Klin Pediatr, 1999, 211(2): 61-64.
- [8] Imai K, Otani K, Yanag HK, Li Z-G, Futagi Y, Ono J, et al. Local VEEG recording of three partial seizures in a patient with benign infantile convulsions associated with mild gastroenteritis [J]. Epilepsia, 1999, 40(10): 1455-1458.
- [9] Liu X-Y, Jiang Y-W, Wu J, Feng B-R, Zhang Y-P, Lin Q. Clinical observation and long-term follow-up of benign infantile epilepsy (in Chinese) [J]. Chin J Pediatr, 2003, 41 (1): 14-16.
- [10] Hongou K, Konishi T, Yagi S, Araki K, Miyawaki T. Rotavirus encephalitis mimicking afebrile benign convulsions in infants [J]. Ped Neurol, 1998, 18(4): 354-357.
- [11] Pang XL, Joensun J, Vesikari T. Detection of rotavirus RNA in CSF in a case of rotavirus gastroenteritis [J]. Pediatr Infect Dis J, 1996, 15(6): 543-545.
- [12] Uemura N, Okumura A, Negoro T, Watanabe K. Clinical features of benign convulsions with mild gastroenteritis [J]. Brain Dev, 2002, 24(8): 745-749.
- [13] Capovilla G, Vigevano F. Benign idiopathic partial epilepsies in infancy [J]. J Child Neurol 2001, 16(12): 874-881.
- [14] Okumura A, Uemura N, Negoro T, Watanabe K. Efficacy of antiepileptic drugs in patients with benign convulsions with mild gastroenteritis [J]. Brain Dev, 2004, 26(3): 164-167.
- [15] Contino MF, Lebby T, Arciniega EL. Rotavirus gastroenteritis infection causing afebrile seizures in infancy and childhood [J]. Am J Emerg Med 1994, 12(1): 94-95.

(Edited by Le ZHONG)

· 病例报告 ·

22号环状染色体综合征1例报告

黄建军

(广州市儿童医院呼吸科, 广东广州, 510120)

[中图分类号] Q987.1 [文献标识码] E

男婴, 3个月, 因咳嗽5d入院。患儿为第2胎第2产, 足月顺产, 出生体重2.5kg, 无窒息抢救史, 生后至今哭声细弱, 吸奶差, 生长慢, 对外界反应较差。其姐3岁, 生长发育正常。父母健康, 非近亲结婚, 家族中无类似病例。体检: 体重3.8kg, 头围32cm, 颅骨重叠, 神志清楚, 哭声细弱, 反应差, 低位耳, 双耳听力差, 眼距增宽, 内眦赘皮, 鼻梁宽, 硬腭高, 全身肌张力低下, 心脏听诊闻及柔和的收缩期杂音, 彩色多普勒示卵圆孔未闭、动脉导管未闭, 胸部X线检查未见异常。疑诊猫叫综合征。染色体检查分析示: 46, XY, -22, +r(22) (p12q13), 确诊为22号环状染色体综合征。家长放弃治疗出院。

22号环状染色体综合征是由第22号染色体突变所致的临床综合征, 1977年由Hunter等^[1]首次报道。常见的特征有: 中度的发育和智力障碍, 不能读, 不能写, 小头, 中指骨短, 妇女多毛症, 球形鼻, 上

腭发育不良, 肌张力减退, 运动失调性步态等。生存期一般无明显影响。有一家三代5人中带有r(22)的报道^[2]。国外已有多例22号环状染色体综合征的报道, 国内迄今报道女性22号环状染色体综合征1例伴有感音性耳聋^[3]。本例病儿为男性, 家系中无类似病人, 遗憾的是未能作其家系染色体分析。

[参考文献]

- [1] Hunter AG, Ray M, Wang HS, Thompson DR. Phenotypic correlations in patients with ring chromosome 22 [J]. Clin Genet, 1977, 12(4): 239-249.
- [2] Stoll C, Roth MP. Segregation of a 22 ring chromosome in three generation [J]. Hum Genet, 1983, 63(3): 294-296.
- [3] 杨卫平, 杨柳, 孟昭和. 22号环状染色体综合征引起耳聋1例报告 [J]. 临床儿科杂志, 1997, 15(3): 199-200.

(本文编辑:吉耕中)

[收稿日期] 2005-03-01; [修回日期] 2005-06-12

[作者简介] 黄建军(1965-), 男, 硕士, 副主任医师。主攻方向: 儿童呼吸系统疾病。